

energy

IEA Technology Collaboration Programme



COUNTRY REPORT Czechia

2025, May 21st

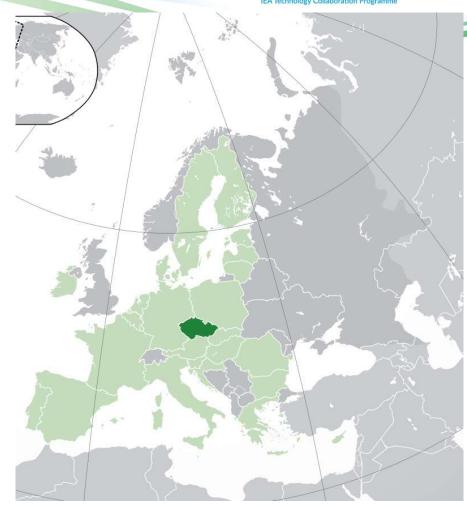
(Alt.) Delegate:

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Czech Technical University in Prague

- Czech Republic = Czechia (formerly Bohemia)
- Capital Prague
- a landlocked country (78.8k km2) of +- 11M (mostly) Czechs in the center of Europe
- highly industrialized country (engineering, automotive, energy, heavy manufacturing...)
- no domestic oil/gas; historically reliant on domestic coal and nuclear
- temperate climate; no large rivers or coastline
- Robust power transmission system; strategic corridor for cross-border flows
- Strong legacy presence of centralized district heating infrastructure

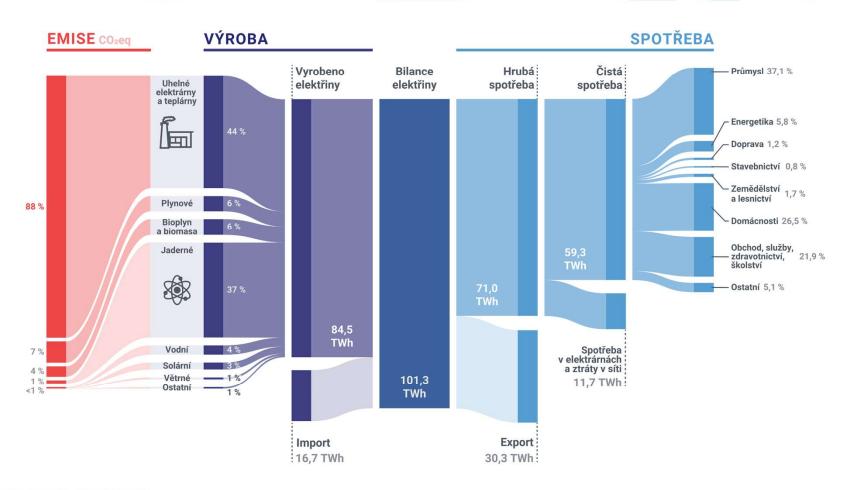






- Energy landscape in CZ
 - Domestic-mined lignite coal plants dominate electricity generation
 - 44% of electricity, 37% nuclear, 6% NGCC, 6% biomass, 4% hydro, 3% solar, 1% wind
 - Phase-out by 2033, but market decides that it will probably be earlier
 - Landlocked country without large rivers and on 50°N, relatively limited cheap renewables potential
 - Robust electricity grid transmission system one of paths for German renewables North to south flow
 - Large share of central & district heating systems (40% housing connected) > potential for decarb.
 - Booms of rooftop solar PV + BES associated to govt. funding schemes and current energy prices





pardon theCzech language



Energy System & Renewables Context

- Coal & Nuclear dominate historically
- Renewables currently at ~16.5%, target ~30% by 2030
- 967 MW of solar PV added in 2024 (average daily grid power capacity about 9 GW)
 - Mostly rooftop installation with battery energy storages or thermal energy storage (hot water residential systems)

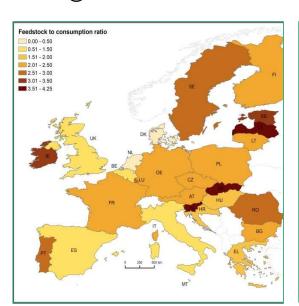


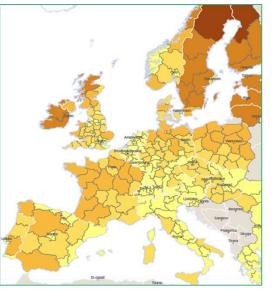
Renewables with respect to the geographical location of the country

Biomass

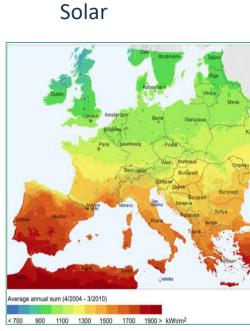
Wind

Hydro







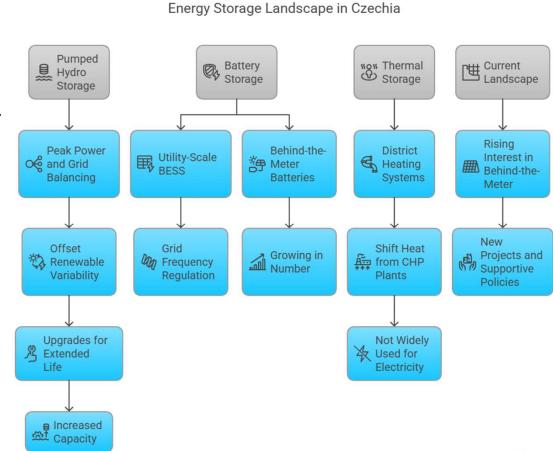


- Total share of renewable energy 16.5%, 116.3 MtCO2/y, GDP p.c. 25 517 EUR/y (2024)
- Data source: Eurostat, PVGIS

Energy Storage Landscape



- Large scale pumped hydro ~1.1 GW, for grid balancing and nuclear power plants backup
- First utility-scale (30MWh) battery in 2024 (legislation was missing, see next slides)
- Behind-the-meter PV+Battery growing
- TES in CHP/district heating common (hot water systems)
- Strong deployment driver of ES CZ has one of the highest electricity prices in the EU (purchasing power parity)
- Biggest barrier was limited investor confidence

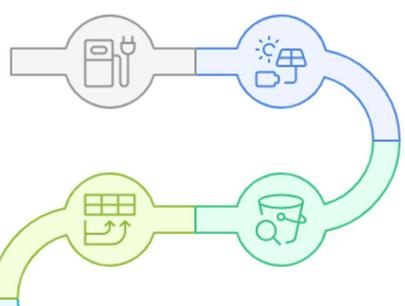


Energy storage - Policy Landscape



Until recently

No explicit legal definition for energy storage



March 2025

Lex OZE III passed, recognizing energy storage

March 2025

Introduction of electricity storage license

March 2025

Aggregation and flexibility definitions added

Grid stability mechanisms



R&D Information



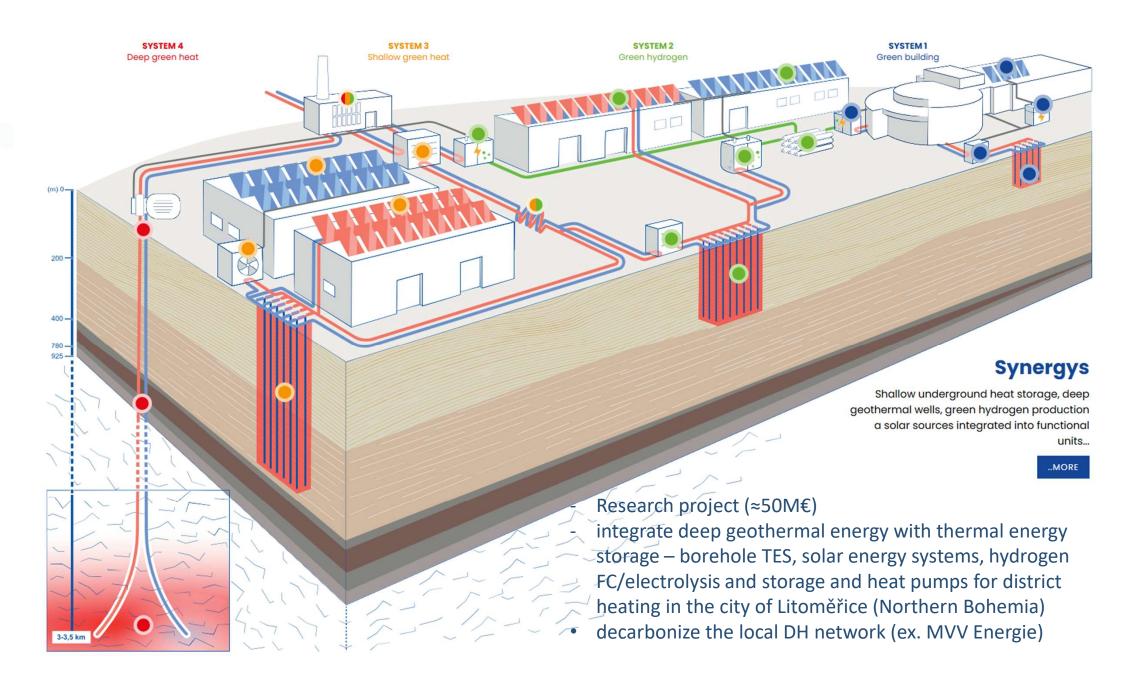
| Ono dedicated national strategy explicitly for energy storage (will be part of an updated State energy policy) |
|--|
| storage is increasingly prioritized within broader energy R&D funding schemes |
| ○CTU Priority: Carnot batteries (CB) – key research area at CTU Prague |
| ○ Electrochemical storage (esp. Li-ion & redox flow – UCT Prague) |
| TES systems (residential & district-scale) |
| Smart grid flexibility, demand response, aggregation algorithms |
| Funding sources: Technology Agency of Czech Republic (TAČR) – applied research calls with energy storage as a preferred domain |
| Ministry of Industry & Trade supports pilots and demo projects (SMEs, R&D) |
| Transformation Fund focused on coal region transition – potential for large-scale storage projects (depleted coal mines?) |
| Modernisation Fund: competitive calls for utility scale grid-connected storage |

Recent CZ developments in Energy storage



Energy Nest Mělník.
 ○ 20 MW, 22 MWh
 electrochemical BES
 ○ Highly flexible hybrid energy
 source with gas turbines (6x5.4
 MW)
 ○ Offers ancillary services to the grid (mFRR, aFRR)
 ○ We expected many of such projects
 to pop up since the new legislation of
 2025 was accepted



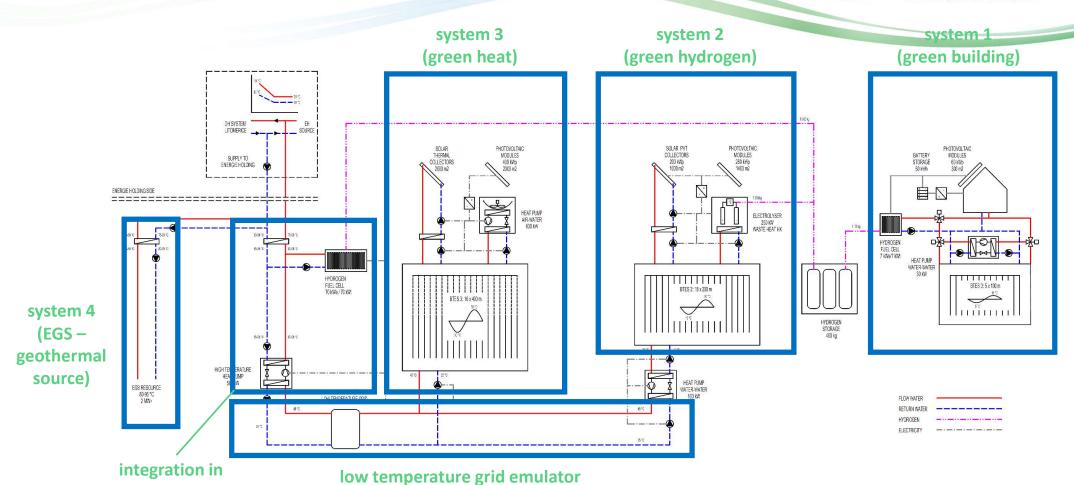


Recent CZ developments in Energy storage

DH system

ExCo 99 Seville May 2025





12

Czech involvement in ES TCP



- Mostly focused on power-to-heat-to-power systems (P2H2P, Carnot Batteries) and thermal energy storage
- Active participation in Tasks:
 - Task 36 (Carnot Batteries)
 - Task 42 (System flexibility from Medium-Duration Energy Storage)
 - Task 44 (Hi Cbest: Power-to-Heat and Heat integrated Carnot Batteries for Zero-Carbon (industrial) Heat
 & Power supply)
- Entry point and information point for other Czech organizations to join ES TCP



- **Association for Energy Storage** (AKU-BAT CZ) promotes favourable conditions for the development of all types of energy storage (batteries, hydrogen, Power 2 gas, Power 2 heat etc.).
- umbrella association, CTU a member, a lobby group to advocate energy storage
- provides strategic input to policy (Ministry of Industry and Trade, ČEZ leading energy group in CZ etc.)



The Energy Storage TCP Czechia Country report Jan Špale, jan.spale@cvut.cz CTU in Prague

Country reports are an informative contribution of the ExCo delegates of the ES TCP member countries.

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